



The Necessity of Authentic Engagement:
5 Ways to Build Connection with Youth Facing Adversity

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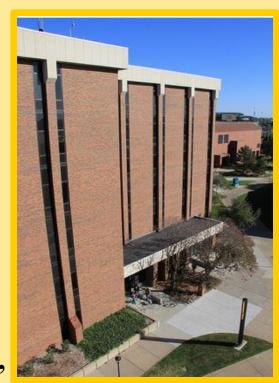
Risa Rehmert

- Director of Program Development, CCHT
 - Direct Services
 - T&TA Provider
- Over **23 years** in the field serving RHY and survivors of RV, SA, HT, etc.
- 20 years of managing Street Outreach (Drop In-Center),
 Basic Center, Safe Place
- On call for 20 years ©



WSU CCHT:

- Created due to personal, direct-practice, academic experiences.
- Survivor-Founded, Led, and Operated.
- As a not-for-profit,
 dedicated to shifting paradigms,
 fighting injustice, and
 promoting holistic prosperity.

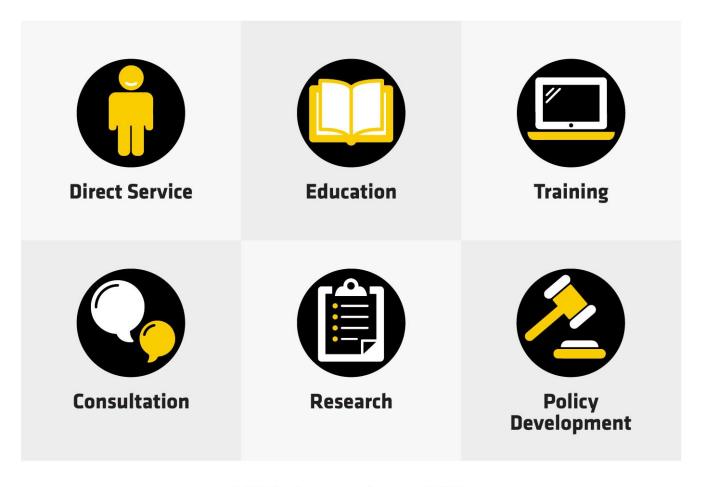


WSU Building





Empowering OUR nation's capacity to provide effective prevention, intervention and prosperity promoting responses through the provision of 6 METHODS:



The Lotus ModelTM creates culture

- Guiding Principles
- Foundational Principles
- Beliefs
- Values
- Practices



LotusTM Operating Principles **Positive** Youth **Development** TF-CB; **Strengths Exposure Based Practices** Harm Trauma Reduction **Informed Victim Centered** Self-**Develop-**Schemata Survivor **Targeted with** mentally Grounded **Narrative** Led **Practices** Gender **Motivational** Conscious **Interviewing** and Responsive Stages of **Culturally WICHITA STATE** Change Competent UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR COMBATING **HUMAN TRAFFICKING**

Objectives

- 1. Understand reasons why the practice of authentic engagement is so necessary to RHY work.
- 2. Discover 5 ways staff can strategically engage youth facing adversity.
- 3. Learn to promote resilience and protective factors by incorporating evidence informed/based practices.
- 4. Design engagement strategies for SOP, BCP, TLP/MGH programs.



Engagement-

- 1.) The act of intentionally pursuing an authentic connection with another person
- 2.) To attract, captivate, draw, involve someone's attention or interest

Every engagement is OPPORTUNITY.

(BTW, we aren't the only ones who know this.)



Activity

3 Reasons

Why the need for strategic engagement?

- 1. Communicating value to the young person, no matter how they may interact with us.
- 2. We believe we have something of value to offer young people—intentional engagement is an "invitation" to consider accepting services.
- 3. If we don't engage...someone else will...often someone with bad intentions.
- 4. Research confirms social connection/relationships are a strong protective factor.
- 5. You can't work with someone who won't have contact with you.
- 6. Youth have no mandate to accept services.
- 7. We must answer the often unasked question...



The Often-Unasked Question...

"What's in it for me to accept what you have to offer?"

Is this a fair question? Why or why not?



Setting the Stage:

The impact of toxic stress and trauma reinforce the need for "intentional engagement strategies"



Stress Response- The body's response to stress/threat that overwhelms our resources; an emergency mechanism the body mobilizes to deal with dangerous situations:

- Increased adrenaline
- Increased heart rate and blood pressure
- Release of stress hormones triggering fight/flight/freeze response



Biological

Triggered Stress Response

Prolonged stress response can change brain architecture

Overly alert, jittery, excitable

Difficulty reading faces and social cues

Appetite change, digestive issues, and/or stomach aches

Sleep disturbances (insomnia, night terrors, etc.)

Persistent fatigue or weariness

Increased muscle tension



Psychological

Decreased ability to think, learn, concentrate Shift in ability to regulate emotions, affect, impulses Hypervigilant/on the lookout for potential dangers (jumpiness, nervousness) Shift in self-perception, self-image Self-harm, self-hate Dissociation (freezing) when feeling unsafe Emotional numbing, detachment Anxiety, fearfulness Depression, despair Anger, irritability, resentment and/or rage Unsettling memories, flashbacks

Social

Avoiding activities/places they may be triggered Social isolation, withdrawal, decreased activity Difficulty connecting with others and/or maintaining relationships

Low social supports

Tolerating abusive behavior in exchange for a semblance of protection

Dating/domestic violence, coercive relationships

Use of drugs and alcohol (including smoking)

Early initiation of sexual activity

Risky sexual behavior/multiple sexual partners

Life domain difficulties (family, financial, vocational)



Spiritual

Loss of identity, security, trust, sense of peace

Long held faith/beliefs are challenged or lost

Questioning value system

Questioning the presence of God/higher power

Questioning or has lost their "sense of purpose"

Feeling life has no meaning

Hopelessness

Feeling the world is unsafe, unpredictable, out of control

(Feelings of powerlessness and vulnerability)

Increased cynicism, disillusionment

Feeling "dead" or "dark" inside

Negative, self-disdaining narrative/self-talk



How can we engage youth in a way that:

- 1. Increases the likelihood of accepting services
- 2. Is responsive to toxic stress and trauma
- 3. Increases protective factors and strengthens resilience



Practice-Based Evidence



Evidence Informed & Evidence

Based Practice



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1. Be Glad to See Me Every Time You See Me.

- The Practice of Co-Regulation
- Unconditional Positive Regard



"NEXT..."

Ever met someone who began the job with good intentions and practices but somewhere along the way...they got lost?



2. Be a sense of safety and calm.

- Toxic Stress Response
- Trauma Informed Practice

Think holistic safety.

(Bio/Psycho/Social/Spirit)



Impact on Mind and Body: Threat Continuum

Sense of Time	Extended Future	Days Hours	Hours Minutes	Minutes Seconds	Loss of Sense of Time
Primary Brain Areas	Neocortex Subcortex	Subcortex Limbic	Limbic Cerebellum	Cerebellum Brainstem	Brainstem Autonomic
Thought Process	Abstract	Concrete	Emotional	Reactive	Responsive
Mental State	CALM	ALERT	ALARM	FEAR	TERROR
IQ	100-110 Average	90-100 Average	80-90 Low Average	70-80 Borderline Intellectual Disability	60-70 Mild Intellectual Disability



Safety, Calm and Predictability

- Helps calm a triggered stress response
- Predictability sets the stage for safety
- Safety is needed for bio/psycho/social/ spiritual healing to occur
- When those we serve feel safe, it transfers to helpers
- Safety and predictability prevent burnout and turnover



3. Meet Me Right Where I Am in My Journey.

- Stages of Change
- Motivational Interviewing
- Harm Reduction



Stages of Change "Flyover"





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Motivational Interviewing Basics

Spirit	Principles	Process	Skills
Collaborate	Express Empathy	Engage	Open-Ended Questions
Compassion	Develop	Focus	A ffirmation
Evoke,	Discrepancy	Evoke,	Affirmation
Awake	Roll with	Awake	Reflection
Autonomy	Resistance	Plan	Summarize
	Support Self-		
	Efficacy		



4. Build Trust

- Transformational Relationships
- Strengths Based Practice

Building Trust Transformational Relationships

- Hurting happens in relationships <u>AND</u> healing happens in healthy relationships
- Connection is a powerful protective factor
- Youth often come from a place of mistrust
- It increases a youth's capacity to trust and build connections



Strengths & Resilience Focus

- Reminds individuals they are more than a trauma survivor
- Trauma responses without a strengths & resilience focus are deficit-based
- Resilience is needed to bounce back from adversity and resulting trauma
- Decreases suspicion and hostility in those we serve



5. Provide Choice & Autonomy

- Self-Efficacy
- Positive Youth Development
- Harm Reduction



Choice and Autonomy

- Choice has often been taken away from those who have experienced complex trauma
- Choice fosters and restores respect, efficacy, agency, dignity



Self-Efficacy

is the belief in your own capability to perform a behavior needed to achieve a certain task. (Bandura, 1977, 1982)

4 Ways to Build Self-Efficacy

• Develop opportunities to perform tasks successfully.

• Create opportunities to witness others successfully performing tasks.

• Reinforce the belief that they have the skills and capabilities to succeed.

• Teach self-care & self-regulation: moods, feelings, physical reactions and stress affect self-efficacy.

3.



Activity

Engagement Strategy Implementation

- SOP
- BCP
- TLP/MGH